## **Proposal for an Emergency Study**

## **PROPOSAL**

The Board of the League of Women Voters of Greater Tuscaloosa proposes an emergency study of current practices of payday loan stores throughout Alabama, to begin during the 2016-2017 year. Upon completing a study of the issue, the local leagues will be asked to consider consensus questions. Subsequently, the League of Women Voters of Alabama will develop a position statement, as indicated by the local league responses.

## SCOPE OF PROPOSED STUDY

- A. This study would involve only payday businesses operating in physical structures or "payday loan stores."
- B. This study would exclude loans obtained through electronic media.
- C. This study would exclude car title loans.

## JUSTIFICATION FOR PROPOSED STUDY

- A. The League of Women Voters of Alabama needs an objective investigation of payday loan stores, whose practices has attracted increased public and legislative interest in recent years.
- 1. Bills to regulate payday loan interest rates have been introduced in the Alabama Legislature over the last several years.
- 2. A state data base of payday store borrowers was instituted in August 2015.

- 3. Alabama Arise, Appleseed, and Alliance for Responsible Lending in Alabama (ARLA) have priori- tized this issue.
- 4. The number of payday stores and the total amount of money loaned are increasing, Based on figures from the state data base, Superintendent of Banking John Harrison reported that \$14.9 million per week from nearly 900 payday stores
- There is controversy regarding the current practices of payday loan stores
- Payday lenders maintain that the large number of stores reflects demand for a service that cannot be obtained elsewhere.
- b. Advocates for regulation and a cap for interest on payday loans cite increasing numbers of borrowers caught in long-standing debt due to high interest and rollover rates.
- B. Because several groups and individuals are concerned about the impact of interest rates that can ex- ceed 400%, because those groups contend that low-income Alabamians who borrow at these rates set without state regulation, and because the LWVAL does not have a position on this topic, a study of prac- tices of payday loan stores should be adopted at the 2016 LWVAL Council for study beginning late sum- mer 2016.